English for Tax Administration 1

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State Governance and Administration of Justice



(cont.)

Separation of Powers

- separation of powers:
 - legislative power
 - executive power
 - judicial power

What do you remember about the legislative branch of government?

The Legislative Branch

- Discuss the meaning of the following terms and try to translate them into Croatian:
 - legislature
 - parliament
 - legislative chamber
 - unicameral/bicameral
 - elected
 - state budget
 - draw up
 - legislative proposal
 - enact law

- executive branch:
 - central body the GOVERNMENT
 - in English-speaking countries: the CABINET
 - presided over by a PRIME MINISTER
 - other executive bodies: the ministries, administrations, government offices, agencies, the police, the tax administration, etc.
 - in some countries also: PRESIDENT
 - in presidential systems, the president has considerable powers (France, USA)
 - in semi-presidential, his powers are limited (Croatia)

- the government/cabinet consists of ministers
- sometimes also known as 'secretaries'
- each is responsible for a government department (ministry)

Q: What are the typical powers of the executive branch?

typical powers:

- designing policies in all areas of the life of a state (educational, social, employment, agricultural, industrial policy, etc.)
- allocation of state budget funds
- state budget proposed to the legislature for confirmation
- once confirmed, it is implemented (money is spent as planned)
- policies require a legislative basis drawing up legislative proposals to be voted and enacted by the legislature

- constituting a government:
 - the party who wins the election chooses a person to be the prime minister
 - usually the president of the winning party, but it may be anybody
 - the choice may be subject to the approval by the legislature and/or the president
 - the prime minister selects member of his government/cabinet
 - this may also be subject to the approval by the legislature

- Discuss the meaning of the following terms and try to translate them into Croatian:
 - design policies
 - implement a development strategy
 - allocate state budget funds
 - government (in the narrow sense)
 - government department
 - subject to approval by the legislature

- design policies kreirati politike
- implement a development strategy provoditi strategiju razvoja
- allocate state budget funds dodijeliti proračunska sredstva
- government (in the narrow sense) vlada
- government department ministarstvo
- subject to the approval by the legislature podliježe odobrenju od strane zakonodavnog tijela

- the court system
- a hierarchy of courts with a supreme court on the top
- first-instance courts: trial courts
- they hear cases
- second-instance courts: appeal courts
- multiple levels possible
- specialized courts also very common the sucreme court: last instance for appeals

- powers:
 - forums for resolution of disputes and prosecution of crimes
 - enforcement of law/adjudication in all types of cases
- crucial requirement: impartiality
- judges prohibited from engaging in political activity
- however, judicial appointments may be subject to political involvement: the choice of the legislature or the executive in some countries

- Discuss the meaning of the following terms and try to translate them into Croatian:
 - enforce the law
 - adjudication
 - consistent application of the law
 - first-instance court
 - court of appeal
 - supreme court

- Discuss the meaning of the following terms and try to translate them into Croatian:
 - enforce the law provoditi zakon
 - adjudication sudsko odlučivanje
 - consistent application of the law dosljedna primjena zakona
 - first-instance court prvostupanjski sud
 - court of appeal žalbeni sud
 - supreme court vrhovni sud

- Do you know of ways in which the powers vested in the three branches overlap?
- What mechanisms of mutual control do you know between the three branches?

- legislative power sometimes conferred on the executive branch
 - government can make emergency regulations
 - ministers, local authorities, and other executive bodies may sometimes issue regulations
 - the legislature can vote to remove members of government or the entire government (cast a vote of no confidence)
 - in some countries, some courts can abolish provisions of laws, entire laws and/or invalidate decisions if they find them to be unconstitutional

- Discuss the meaning of the following terms and try to translate them into Croatian:
 - to expedite a procedure
 - lay down an emergency law
 - take effect
 - cast a vote of no confidence
 - abrogate a provision of law
 - invalidate a decision

- Discuss the meaning of the following terms and try to translate them into Croatian:
 - to expedite a procedure ubrzati postupak
 - lay down an emergency law donijeti hitan propis
 - take effect stupiti na snagu
 - cast a vote of no confidence izglasati nepovjerenje
 - abrogate a provision of law ukinuti odredbu zakona
 - invalidate a decision poništiti odluku

Words easily confused

- enact a law
- enforce the law
- implement a strategy, a policy
- legislative
- legislature
- legislation

Words easily confused

- enact a law donijeti zakon
- enforce the law provoditi zakon
- implement a strategy, a policy provoditi strategiju, politiku
- legislative, adj. zakonodavni
- legislature, n. zakonodavno tijelo
- legislation, n. zakonodavstvo (zakoni)

The State Budget

- propose the state budget
- adopt the state budget
- implement the state budget
- Q: Who does these actions and what do they mean?

The State Budget

- propose the state budget
 - predložiti proračun (vlada)
- adopt the state budget
 - usvojiti proračun (parlament)
- implement the state budget
 - provoditi proračun (vlada)

Vocabulary practice

exercises pp.42-43/III-VII

Thank you for your attention!